Key Skills

Pupils will gain the skills needed to identify human and physical geographical features of places around them and in the wider world through experiencing fieldwork, and learning about locational and place knowledge.

Geography Curriculum Progression Map

Geography skills should be taught when linked to themes where possible to ensure real world application.

Themes are taught on a 2 year rolling programme



Skills Knowledge (All statements are statutory requirements, taken from the National Curriculum.)

	EYFS		KS1		LKS2		UKS2		
	Nursery & Reception		Year 1 & Year 2		Year 3 & Year 4		Year 5 & Year 6		
	Year A	Year B	Year A	Year B	Year A	Year B	Year A	Year B	
Themes & terms	Autumn: Harvest, Light and Dark Spring: Winter Wonderland, Superheroes Summer: Big and Little, Summer Fun	Autumn: colours, Let's Celebrate Spring: Bears, A job well done Summer: Marvellous minibeasts, Summer in the garden	Autumn Let's go on safari Spring: Poles apart: Frozen Planet, Great Fire of London Summer: Around the world in 80 days	Autumn Oh I do like to be beside the seaside - Now and Then Spring: Turrets & Tiaras Summer: Secret	Autumn The Land that time forgot Spring: Romans Summer: Mexico/ Rainforest	Autumn Egyptians Spring: Over & Under the waves Summer: WWII Friend or Foe	Autumn Extreme Earth Spring: Who were the Mayans? Summer: Onwards & Upwards	Autumn Myths & Minotaurs Spring: Out of this World Summer: Circle of Life Vikings V Anglo Saxons	
	EYFS		Gardens KS1		LKS2		UKS2		
				Year 1 & Year 2		Year 3 & Year 4		Year 5 & Year 6	
	Year A	Year B	Year A	Year B	Year A	Year B	Year A	Year B	
Locational knowledge	Locational knowledge: North and South Poles. Location knowledge: hot and cold regions	Locational knowledge: China	Name and locate the world's seven continents and five oceans.	Name, locate and identify characteristics of the four countries and capital cities of the United Kingdom and its surrounding seas.	Name and locate counties and cities of the United Kingdom, geographical regions and their identifying human and physical characteristics, key topographical features (including hills, mountains, coasts and rivers), and land-use patterns; and understand how some of these aspects have changed over time	Locate the world's countries, using maps to focus on Europe (including the location of Russia) and North and South America, concentrating on their environmental regions, key physical and human characteristics, countries, and major cities. Name and locate counties and cities of the United Kingdom,	Locate the world's countries, using maps to focus on Europe (including the location of Russia) and North and South America, concentrating on their environmental regions, key physical and human characteristics, countries, and major cities. Identify the position and significance of latitude, longitude, Equator, Northern	Locate the world's countries, using maps to focus on Europe (including the location of Russia) and North and South America, concentrating on their environmental regions, key physical and human characteristics, countries, and major cities. Name and locate counties and cities of the United Kingdom, geographical regions	

					Identify the position and significance of latitude, longitude, Equator, Northern Hemisphere, Southern Hemisphere, the Tropics of Cancer and Capricorn, Arctic and Antarctic Circle, the Prime/Greenwich Meridian and time zones (including day and night)	geographical regions and their identifying human and physical characteristics, key topographical features (including hills, mountains, coasts and rivers), and land-use patterns; and understand how some of these aspects have changed over time. Identify the position and significance of latitude, longitude, Equator, Northern Hemisphere, Southern Hemisphere, the Tropics of Cancer and Capricorn, Arctic and Antarctic Circle, the	Hemisphere, Southern Hemisphere, the Tropics of Cancer and Capricorn, Arctic and Antarctic Circle, the Prime/Greenwich Meridian and time zones (including day and night)	and their identifying human and physical characteristics, key topographical features (including hills, mountains, coasts and rivers), and land-use patterns; and understand how some of these aspects have changed over time. Identify the position and significance of latitude, longitude, Equator, Northern Hemisphere, Southern Hemisphere, the Tropics of Cancer and Capricorn, Arctic and Antarctic Circle, the Prime/Greenwich
						Meridian and time zones (including day and night)		zones (including day and night)
	EY	FS	K			52	UK	.S2
	•	Reception		& Year 2		& Year 4		& Year 6
	Year A	Year B	Year A	Year B	Year A	Year B	Year A	Year B
Place knowledge	Geographical skills: Use of globe/map to locate the North and South Poles.	Use a globe to locate China	Use a globe and an atlas to understand geographical similarities and differences through studying the human and physical geography of a small area of the UK, and of a small area in		Use an atlas to understand geographical similarities and differences through the study of human and physical geography of a region of the United Kingdom, a region in a European country,	Use an atlas to understand geographical similarities and differences through the study of human and physical geography of a region of the United Kingdom, a region in a European country,	Use an atlas to understand geographical similarities and differences through the study of human and physical geography of a region of the United Kingdom, a region in a European country,	Use an atlas to understand geographical similarities and differences through the study of human and physical geography of a region of the United Kingdom, a region in a European country,

			the contrasting non- European country.		and a region within North or South America	and a region within North or South America	and a region within North or South America	and a region within North or South America.
	EYFS Nursery & Reception		KS1		LKS2		UKS2	
				& Year 2		& Year 4		& Year 6
	Year A	Year B	Year A	Year B	Year A	Year B	Year A	Year B
Human & Physical Geography	Weather: Seasonal Changes - Autumn/Spring/Wi nter Physical geography: Beach/Seaside	Weather: Seasonal Changes - Autumn/Spring/Win ter Human geography: Different multicultural buildings Physical Geography: Insect habitats Physical/Human Geography: Trip to the seaside (Hunstanton)	Identify seasonal and daily weather patterns in the United Kingdom and the location of hot and cold areas of the world in relation to the Equator and the North and South Poles. Use basic geographical vocabulary to refer to: key physical features, including: beach, cliff, coast, forest, hill, mountain, sea, ocean, river, soil, valley, vegetation, season and weather. Use basic geographical vocabulary to refer to: key human features, including: city, town, village, factory, farm, house, office, port,	Use basic geographical vocabulary to refer to: key physical features, including: beach, cliff, coast, forest, hill, mountain, sea, ocean, river, soil, valley, vegetation, season and weather. Use basic geographical vocabulary to refer to: key human features, including: city, town, village, factory, farm, house, office, port, harbour and shop.	Describe and understand key aspects of: physical geography, including: climate zones, biomes and vegetation belts, rivers, mountains, volcanoes and earthquakes, and the water cycle Describe and understand key aspects of: human geography, including: types of settlement and land use, economic activity including trade links, and the distribution of natural resources including energy, food, minerals and water.	Describe and understand key aspects of: physical geography, including: climate zones, biomes and vegetation belts, rivers, mountains, volcanoes and earthquakes, and the water cycle Describe and understand key aspects of: human geography, including: types of settlement and land use, economic activity including trade links, and the distribution of natural resources including energy, food, minerals and water	Describe and understand key aspects of: physical geography, including: climate zones, biomes and vegetation belts, rivers, mountains, volcanoes and earthquakes, and the water cycle	Describe and understand key aspects of: physical geography, including: climate zones, biomes and vegetation belts, rivers, mountains, volcanoes and earthquakes, and the water cycle. Describe and understand key aspects of: human geography, including: types of settlement and land use, economic activity including trade links, and the distribution of natural resources including energy, food, minerals and water (1)
	EYFS		harbour and shop. KS1		LKS2		UKS2	
		& Reception		& Year 2		& Year 4		& Year 6
	Year A	Year B	Year A	Year B	Year A	Year B	Year A	Year B
	Positional Language Distance Compass Points	Geographical skills/Fieldwork: Trip to the seaside understanding of	Use world maps, atlases and globes to identify the United Kingdom and	Use world maps, atlases and globes to identify the United Kingdom and	Use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate	Use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate	Use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate	Use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate

Casananlai	features that make	its countries, as well	its countries, as well	countries and	countries and	countries and	countries and
Geographi	up the coastline	as the countries,	as the countries,	describe features	describe features	describe features	describe features
cal skills &	(Hunstanton).	continents and	continents and	studied.	studied.	studied.	studied.
Fieldwork	(Hanstanton).	oceans studied at	oceans studied at	Use the eight points	Use the eight points	Studied,	Use the eight points
		this key stage.	this key stage.	of a compass, four	of a compass, four	Use fieldwork to	of a compass, four
		Use simple compass	Use simple compass	and six-figure grid	and six-figure grid	observe, measure,	and six-figure grid
		directions (North,	directions (North,	references, symbols	references, symbols	record and present	references, symbols
		South, East and	South, East and	and key (including	and key (including	the human and	and key (including
		West) and locational	West) and locational	the use of Ordnance	the use of Ordnance	physical features in	the use of Ordnance
		and directional	and directional	Survey maps) to	Survey maps) to	the local area using	Survey maps) to
		language [for	language [for	build their	build their	a range of methods,	build their
		example, near and	example, near and	knowledge of the	knowledge of the	including sketch	knowledge of the
		far; left and right],	far; left and right],	United Kingdom and	United Kingdom and	maps, plans and	United Kingdom and
		to describe the	to describe the	the wider world	the wider world.	graphs, and digital	the wider world.
		location of features	location of features			technologies.	
		and routes on a map	and routes on a map	Use fieldwork to	Use fieldwork to		Use fieldwork to
		Use aerial	Use aerial	observe, measure,	observe, measure,		observe, measure,
		photographs and	photographs and	record and present	record and present		record and present
		plan perspectives to	plan perspectives to	the human and	the human and		the human and
		recognise landmarks	recognise landmarks	physical features in	physical features in		physical features in
		and basic human	and basic human	the local area using	the local area using		the local area using
		physical features;	physical features;	a range of methods,	a range of methods,		a range of methods,
		devise a simple map;	devise a simple map;	including sketch	including sketch		including sketch
		and use and	and use and	maps, plans and	maps, plans and		maps, plans and
		construct basic	construct basic	graphs, and digital	graphs, and digital		graphs, and digital
		symbols in a key.	symbols in a key.	technologies.	technologies.		technologies.
		Use simple fieldwork	Use simple fieldwork				
		and observational	and observational				
		skills to study the	skills to study the				
		geography of their	geography of their				
		school and its	school and its				
		grounds and the key	grounds and the key				
		human and physical	human and physical				
		features of its	features of its				
		surrounding	surrounding				
		environment.	environment.				